Grade 5 Social Studies Location Test

Section A: Multiple Choice select the best answer for the following

1. The Latin motto "A Mari Usque Ad Mare" describes Canada as: a) large and vast b) from sea to sea c) land of opportunity d) not populated

2. Canada's most populated cities are Toronto and Montreal, which are located in these two provinces:
   a) B.C. and Ontario b) Manitoba and Alberta c) P.E.I. and Quebec d) Quebec and Ontario

3. This northerly region is the largest covering half of Canada. The land is mostly old rock and barely has any soil:
   a) Maritimes b) Prairies c) Tundra d) Canadian Shield e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands f) Western Mountain

4. This region is located in eastern Canada which consists of the provinces off the Atlantic coast: P.E.I., New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland:
   a) Maritimes b) Prairies c) Tundra d) Canadian Shield e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands f) Western Mountain

5. This region is far north were the soil is frozen throughout most of the year which makes it almost impossible for agriculture:
   a) Maritimes b) Prairies c) Tundra d) Canadian Shield e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands f) Western Mountain

6. This region is considered flat and grassy. It contains parts of these provinces Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta:
   a) Maritimes b) Prairies c) Tundra d) Canadian Shield e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands f) Western Mountain

7. This region is located in the southern province of Quebec and Ontario around The St. Lawrence River and the 5 Great Lakes:
a) Maritimes  b) Prairies  c) Tundra  d) Canadian Shield  
e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands  f) Western Mountain

8. This region is a large chain of mountains that are located in B.C. and into the Yukon territory: 
a) Maritimes  b) Prairies  c) Tundra  d) Canadian Shield  
e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands  f) Western Mountain

9. The Inuit people inhabit this region which is located close to the Arctic circle:  
a) Maritimes  b) Prairies  c) Tundra  d) Canadian Shield  
e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands  f) Western Mountain

10. This region contains many of Canada’s oil and gases, cattle and grain, as well rich potash resources:  
a) Maritimes  b) Prairies  c) Tundra  d) Canadian Shield  
e) Great Lakes/ St. Lawrence Lowlands  f) Western Mountain

11. The ocean that is not located around Canadian borders is:  
a) Indian Ocean  b) Pacific Ocean  c) Arctic Ocean  d) Atlantic Ocean

12. Which is not a lake around the Ontario border:  
a) Lake Erie  b) Lake Superior  c) Great Bear Lake  d) Lake Huron

13. Which is not a Canadian territory:  
a) Yukon  b) Nunavut  c) North West Territories  d) Alaska

14. Which city is the capital of Canada:  
a) Toronto  b) Victoria  c) Regina  d) Ottawa

15. The Union Jack Symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:  
a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France
16. The Shamrock symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

17. The Lily symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

18. The Thistle symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

19. The Harp symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

20. The Fleurs-de-Lis symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

21. The Maple Leaf symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France

22. The Imperial Crown symbol on Canada’s Coat of Arms originates from this country:
   a) Canada  b) Ireland  c) Scotland  d) England  e) France
Identify and label the legend of each Canadian region.

- Canadian Shield/Northern Forest
- Tundra/Arctic
- Maritime/Atlantic
- Great Lakes/St Lawrence
- Western Mountain
- Prairies